

C Introduction

CS 2130: Computer Systems and Organization 1

Xinyao Yi Ph.D.

Assistant Professor





Announcements

- Homework 6 due Monday at 11:59pm
- Quiz 6 opens today, due Friday by 11:59pm

Compiling C to Assembly

Multiple stages to compile C to assembly

- Preprocess produces C
 - C is actually implemented as 2 languages:
 C preprocessor language, C language
 - Removes comments, handles preprocessor directives (#)
 - #include, #define, #if, #else, ...
- Lex breaks input into individual tokens
- Parse assembles tokens into intended meaning (parse tree)
- Type check ensures types match, adds casting as needed
- Code generation creates assembly from parse tree



Compiling C to Assembly



Compiling C to Assembly



Errors

Compile-time errors

- Errors we can catch during compilation (this process)
- **Before** running our program

Runtime errors

Errors that occur when running our programs

Simple C Example

```
int main() {
    return 0;
}
```

The main function

- Start running the main() function
- · main must return an integer exit code
 - 0 = everything went okay
 - Anything else = something went wrong
- There should be arguments to main



Integer data types

Data type	Size
char	
short	
int	
long	
long long	

Each has 2 versions: signed and unsigned



Floating point

- float
- double





Pointers - how C uses addresses!



Pointers - how C uses addresses!

- Hold the address of a position in memory
- Need to know the kind of information stored at that location

Example

```
int main() {
    int x = 3;
    long y = 4;
    int *a = &x;
    long *b = &y;
    long z = *a;
    int w = *b;
    return 0;
}
```

Example

```
int main() {
    int x = 3;
    long y = 4;
    int *a = &x;
    long *b = &y;
    long z = *a;
    int w = *b;
    return 0;
}
```

```
000000000000000 <main>:
        55
                                          %rbp
   0:
                                  push
        48 89 e5
                                          %rsp,%rbp
                                  mov
        31 c0
                                          %eax,%eax
                                  xor
   6:
        c7 45 fc 00 00 00 00
                                          $0x0,-0x4(%rbp)
                                  movl
   d:
        c7 45 f8 03 00 00 00
                                          $0x3,-0x8(%rbp)
                                  movl
        48 c7 45 f0 04 00 00
                                          0x4,-0x10(%rbp)
  14:
                                  movq
  1b:
        00
        48 8d 4d f8
                                          -0x8(\%rbp),\%rcx
  1c:
                                   lea
        48 89 4d e8
  20:
                                          %rcx,-0x18(%rbp)
                                  mov
  24:
        48 8d 4d f0
                                          -0x10(%rbp), %rcx
                                  lea
  28:
        48 89 4d e0
                                          %rcx,-0x20(%rbp)
                                  mov
  2c:
        48 8b 4d e8
                                          -0x18(%rbp), %rcx
                                  mov
  30:
        48 63 09
                                  movslq (%rcx), %rcx
  33:
        48 89 4d d8
                                          \frac{\text{rcx}}{-0x28}
                                  mov
  37:
        48 8b 4d e0
                                          -0x20(%rbp), %rcx
                                  mov
  3b:
        48 8b 09
                                          (%rcx),%rcx
                                  mov
        89 4d d4
                                          %ecx,-0x2c(%rbp)
  3e:
                                  mov
  41:
        5d
                                          %rbp
                                  pop
  42:
        c3
                                  retq
```